	Year 1		
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Su
	Freestanding Structures	Food – Preparing fruit and vegetables	Mechanism
	To design and build a range of playground equipment for a lego or playmobil character.	To design and make a fruit snack to take on a class picnic. Designing, making and evaluating a fruit snack	To design and make a involve
	Designing, making and evaluating a strong chair for Baby Bear An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be	for a class picnic An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an	Designing, making and storyboard to retell a An iterative process is the rela they are communicated and cl of how the iterative design an
	experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	individual pupil during this project:	individual pupil during this pro
	THOUGHT ACTION	THOUGHT ACTION	THOUGHT
	 What sort of chair shall I make? Who is it for and what is it for? How can I make sure it is strong, stiff and stable? Which joining techniques will work best for the chair? What media, materials and kits will I use? What shall I do first? What tools and techniques will I use? What tools and techniques will use? More thoughts judging, planning, generating new ideas. Will the chair meet the needs of the user and achieve its purpose? Wall the chair meet the needs of the user and achieve its purpose? Wall the chair meet the needs of tools, techniques and materials Explaining choices. More actions making, testing, modifying. Evaluating the chair with a soft toy and against design criteria. 	 What sort of fruit product shall I make? Who will it be for? Which fruit will I put into my salad? Will my product appeal to my intended user? How will I process my fruit? How will different food processes create different effects? What tools and food processing skills will I use? What order will I work in? How will I present my fruit snack? Do I need to adjust or change anything? Refining and reflecting. Will my fruit salad meet the needs of the user and achieve its purpose? Talking, drawing, writing lists, generating design criteria. Using different tools and practising using different food-processing skills, e.g. cutting, slicing, grating. Discussing and comparing different effects. Trying them out and evaluating. Negotiating, developing and agreeing a plan of action, evaluating actions. Discussing, trying out and modifying the design. 	Who is the storyboard for How will we use it? What wi make it successful What will be in each scene What could move? What captions will we use Should we use a lever or slider for each scene How will I draw and finish th pictures Am I working on my own of with others What is the first thing I/w need to do How well am I doing Are the mechanisms workin in the storyboard Evaluating, reflecting questionin
	. Energiana static bits to be independent of the second second second second second second second second second	design criteria.	Fach and in the fact the state
Prior learning	 Experience of using construction kits to build walls, towers and frameworks. Experience of using of basic tools e.g. scissors or hole punches with construction materials e.g. plastic, card. Experience of different methods of joining card and paper. 	 Experience of common fruit and vegetables, undertaking sensory activities i.e. appearance taste and smell. Experience of cutting soft fruit and vegetables using appropriate utensils. 	 Early experiences of working with hinges. Experience of simple cutting, sha fasteners and masking tape.
Designing	 Generate ideas based on simple design criteria and their own experiences, explaining what they could make. Develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, mock-ups and drawings. 	 Design appealing products for a particular user based on simple design criteria. Generate initial ideas and design criteria through investigating a variety of fruit and vegetables. Communicate these ideas through talk and drawings. 	 Generate ideas based on simple of explaining what they could make. Develop, model and communicat with card and paper.
Making	 Plan by suggesting what to do next. Select and use tools, skills and techniques, explaining their choices. Select new and reclaimed materials and construction kits to build their structures. Use simple finishing techniques suitable for the structure they are creating. 	 Use simple utensils and equipment to e.g. peel, cut, slice, squeeze, grate and chop safely. Select from a range of fruit and vegetables according to their characteristics e.g. colour, texture and taste to create a chosen product. 	 Plan by suggesting what to do net Select and use tools, explaining the card. Use simple finishing techniques s
Evaluating	 Explore a range of existing freestanding structures in the school and local environment e.g. everyday products and buildings. Evaluate their product by discussing how well it works in relation to the purpose, the user and whether it meets the original design criteria. 	 Taste and evaluate a range of fruit and vegetables to determine the intended user's preferences. Evaluate ideas and finished products against design criteria, including intended user and purpose. 	 Explore a range of existing books and levers. Evaluate their product by discussi and the user and whether it meets
Technical knowledge and understandi ng	 Know how to make freestanding structures stronger, stiffer and more stable. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Understand where a range of fruit and vegetables come from e.g. farmed or grown at home. Understand and use basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes, including how fruit and vegetables are part of The Eatwell Guide. Know and use technical and sensory vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Explore and use sliders and levers Understand that different mecha Know and use technical vocabula

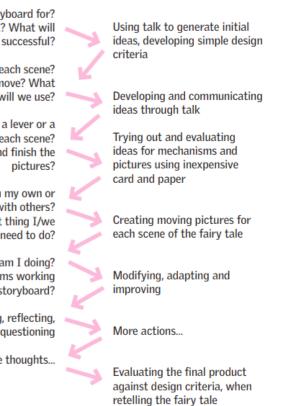
Immer Term

ns – Sliders and levers new page for a story book that es moving parts. d evaluating a moving fairy tale to the class

lationship between a pupil's ideas and how clarified through activity. This is an example nd make process might be experienced by an roject:

ACTION

ς?



h paper and card to make simple flaps and

aping and joining skills using scissors, glue, paper

design criteria and their own experiences,

te their ideas through drawings and mock-ups

ext. heir choices, to cut, shape and join paper and

suitable for the product they are creating. and everyday products that use simple sliders

sing how well it works in relation to the purpose s design criteria.

inisms produce different types of movement. ary relevant to the project.

		Year 2	
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	
	Textiles – Templates and joining techniques Designing, making and evaluating a puppet to perform a play	Mechanisms – Wheels and axles Designing, making and evaluating a small wheeled trolley that will carry tools to use in the school	Designing, mal for a class pic
	An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	garden or for a character in a story An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project: THOUGHT ACTION	An iterative process they are communica of how the iterative individual pupil durin
	THOUGHT ACTION	Who am I making the trolley for?	THOUGHT
	What sort of puppet shall I make?	Talk about and explore a range of existing wheeled products.	What sort of
	Who is it for and what is it for? Generating ideas through talking and drawing based on own experiences.	How many wheels will it need? What type of wheels will be best? Discuss and consider the best size and material from the wheels available.	What sort of Who Which fruit will
	How can I make sure it fits my hand or finger? Developing ideas using templates or pattern pieces	What does it need to carry? Talk about the surfaces the trolley might have to travel over.	salad? Will my proc my ir
	Which joining technique will work best for my puppet?	Should there be sections for different items? How big does each section need to be?	How will I prod
	What media and materials joining techniques. will I use? Exploring and evaluating	Do we want to pull or push it? Which way moves best?	How will different for create different
	How will I add the features? What shall I do first? What tools and techniques will I use? What fabrics shall I use? What fabrics shall I use?	How could it be appealing as well as functional? What tools, resources and materials will we need?	What tools and for skills will I use? W I work in? How will
	More thoughts judging, planning, generating new ideas. Will the puppet meet the needs of the user and Will the intended user	What will I do if something does not work as planned? How will I check the trolley is fit for the user and for its purpose as I make it? What do I think about my final What do I think about my final	Do I need to adj Refining a Will my fruit sa
	achieve its purpose? and against original design criteria.	product. without contents. Reflect and evaluate against the original design criteria.	needs of the user a
Prior learning	 Explored and used different fabrics. Cut and joined fabrics with simple techniques. Thought about the user and purpose of products. 	 Assembled vehicles with moving wheels using construction kits. Explored moving vehicles through play. Gained some experience of designing, making and evaluating products for a specified user and purpose. Developed some cutting, joining and finishing skills with card. 	Experience of common f appearance taste and sme Experience of cutting sof
Designing	 Design a functional and appealing product for a chosen user and purpose based on simple design criteria. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas as appropriate through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and information and communication technology. 	 Generate initial ideas and simple design criteria through talking and using own experiences. Develop and communicate ideas through drawings and mock-ups. 	 Design appealing product Generate initial ideas and and vegetables. Communicate these idea
Making	 Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks such as marking out, cutting, joining and finishing. Select from and use textiles according to their characteristics 	 Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks such as cutting and joining to allow movement and finishing. Select from and use a range of materials and components such as paper, card, plastic and wood according to their characteristics. 	 Use simple utensils and a safely. Select from a range of fr colour, texture and taste to
Evaluating	 Explore and evaluate a range of existing textile products relevant to the project being undertaken. Evaluate their ideas throughout and their final products against original design criteria. 	 Explore and evaluate a range of products with wheels and axles. Evaluate their ideas throughout and their products against original criteria. 	 Taste and evaluate a ran user's preferences. Evaluate ideas and finish user and purpose.
Technical knowledge and understandi ng	 Understand how simple 3-D textile products are made, using a template to create two identical shapes. Understand how to join fabrics using different techniques e.g. running stitch, glue, over stitch, stapling. Explore different finishing techniques e.g. using painting, fabric crayons, stitching, sequins, buttons and ribbons. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Explore and use wheels, axles and axle holders. Distinguish between fixed and freely moving axles. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Understand where a ran grown at home. Understand and use basi dishes, including how fruit Know and use technical at

Summer Term Food naking and evaluating a fruit snack icnic ess is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how icated and clarified through activity. This is an example ve design and make process might be experienced by an iring this project: ΗТ ACTION of fruit product shall I make? Talking, drawing, writing lists, ho will it be for? generating design criteria. will I put into my roduct appeal to intended user? Using different tools and practising using different food-processing process my fruit? skills, e.g. cutting, slicing, grating. food processes lifferent effects? Discussing and comparing different effects. Trying them out and evaluating. food processing What order will will I present my Negotiating, developing and agreeing a plan of action, fruit snack? evaluating actions. adjust or change Discussing, trying out and anything? g and reflecting. modifying the design.

uit salad meet the er and achieve its purpose?

Evaluating the product with the intended user and against the design criteria.

on fruit and vegetables, undertaking sensory activities i.e. smell.

soft fruit and vegetables using appropriate utensils.

ducts for a particular user based on simple design criteria. and design criteria through investigating a variety of fruit

ideas through talk and drawings.

nd equipment to e.g. peel, cut, slice, squeeze, grate and chop

of fruit and vegetables according to their characteristics e.g. te to create a chosen product.

range of fruit and vegetables to determine the intended

nished products against design criteria, including intended

range of fruit and vegetables come from e.g. farmed or

basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare ruit and vegetables are part of The Eatwell Guide. cal and sensory vocabulary relevant to the project.

Year 3				
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	
	Mechanisms – Levers and Linkages	Shell Structures – Easter Baskets	Food – Healthy and varied diet – Sandwich snacks	
	Designing, making and evaluating a greetings card with moving parts for family or friends An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	Designing, making and evaluating packaging for a gift for a family memberAn iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:THOUGHTACTION	Designing, making and evaluating a bread-based product with a filling for lunch, such as a wrap, a sandwich, a roll, a blini or a toastie An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	
	THOUGHT ACTION	What type of shell structure shall I make? Discussing ideas, drawing	THOUGHT ACTION	
	 What sort of greetings card shall I make and who will it be for? What part will move? How will it appeal to the user? How will it move? Which lever and linkage mechanism will work best for my greetings card? What media and materials will I use? What media and materials will I use? What order will I work with? How long will it take? What tools and techniques will I use? More thoughts appraising, reflecting, refining. Will the greetings card meet the needs of the user and achieve its purpose? 	What will be the purpose of my product appeal to my intended user?Investigating and evaluating possible materials.Which materials will I use to make it?Investigating and evaluating possible materials.Which shape will be the best for my structure? How will I stiffen and strengthen my structure?Discussing, constructing and comparing different nets. Exploring strengthening techniques.What graphics techniques will I use to achieve a desired visual effect and purpose?Discussing, exploring, trialling and evaluating different graphics effects.Will I work with someone else? How long will it take? What tools, techniques and skills will I use?Discussing, developing and agreeing a plan of action, evaluating actions.Do I need to adjust or change anything?Discussing, trying out and modifying the design.Will my product meet the needs of the user?Will my product meet the needs of the user?	Who am I making the food product for? How can I make it appealing for the range of users?Discussing and communicating ideas, researching existing products, drawing annotated sketches, generating design criteria.What kind of food product shall I make that can be carried easily? What ingredients could it contain?Discussing and communicating ideas, researching existing products, drawing annotated sketches, generating design criteria.How will I make sure it looks appealing as well as tastes and smells good?Discussing ideas and how the type of food product and way it is eaten will affect the design.What techniques will I use to prepare the ingredients and what equipment do I need?Discussing ideas and how the type of food product and way it is eaten will affect the design.How long will it take? What order will I work in?Peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, spreading. Using tools such as round ended krives, vegetable peelers, apple cores, strawberry hullers and graters. Listing the equipment required.Has the snack met the needs of the user and achieved its purpose?Planning the order of the activity and timescale.Has the snack met the needs of the user and achieved its purpose?Evaluating the food product against the design criteria including the user and purpose. Recording final product through an annotated sketch.	
Prior learning	 Explored and used mechanisms such as flaps, sliders and levers. Gained experience of basic cutting, joining and finishing techniques with paper and card. 	 Experience of using different joining, cutting and finishing techniques with paper and card. A basic understanding of 2D and 3D shapes in mathematics and the physical properties and everyday uses of materials in science. 	 Know some ways to prepare ingredients safely and hygienically. Have some basic knowledge and understanding about healthy eating and The Eatwell Guide. Have used some equipment and utensils and prepared and combined ingredients to make a product. 	
Designing	 Generate realistic ideas and their own design criteria through discussion, focusing on the needs of the user. Use annotated sketches and prototypes to develop, model and communicate ideas. 			
Making	 Order the main stages of making. Select from and use appropriate tools with some accuracy to cut, shape and join paper and card. Select from and use finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. 	Order the main stages of making. Plan the main stages of a recipe, listing ingredients, utensils and equipment.		
Evaluating	 Investigate and analyse books and, where available, other products with lever and linkage mechanisms. Evaluate their own products and ideas against criteria and user needs, as they design and make. Understand and use lever and linkage mechanisms. 	 Investigate and evaluate a range of existing shell structures including the materials, components and techniques that have been used. Test and evaluate their own products against design criteria and the intended user and purpose. Carry out sensory evaluations of a variety of ingredients and products. Record the evaluations using e.g. tables and simple graphs. Evaluate the ongoing work and the final product with reference to the design criteria and the views of others. 		
Technical knowledge and understandi ng	 Understand and use lever and linkage mechanisms. Distinguish between fixed and loose pivots. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Develop and use knowledge of how to construct strong, stiff shell structures. Develop and use knowledge of nets of cubes and cuboids and, where appropriate, more complex 3D shapes. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Know how to use appropriate equipment and utensils to prepare and combine food. Know about a range of fresh and processed ingredients appropriate for their product, and whether they are grown, reared or caught. Know and use relevant technical and sensory vocabulary appropriately. 	

		Year 4	
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	
	Mechanisms - Pneumatics	Electrical Systems – Simple Circuits	Texti
	Designing, making and evaluating a moving 'creature in a box' toy for small children	Designing, making and evaluating a night light for a brother, sister or friend	Designing, m purse/wallet
	An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	An iterative proce how they are com an example of how experienced by an
	THOUGHT ACTION		THOUG
	What sort of moving toy shall I make and who will it be for?	THOUGHT ACTION What sort of night light shall I	Who is it for it hold? e.g. ph
	How will it fit into the box? How will it move? Which parts will move?	make and who will it be for? What parts will it have? How will it appeal to the user? Discussing ideas, drawing annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, generating	plastic ca What shape wi be? How w
	Which pneumatic system will Modelling possible systems.	What switch will work best for my night light? Discussing ideas, modeling possible	What fabric s
	work best? Discussing and evaluating mock-ups and prototypes against the design criteria.	How will I make the base, casing and shade?	Which joining would be the fabric a
	What materials will I need? Discussing, exploring and trialling materials.	Who will I work with? How long will it take? Discussing, exploring and trialling materials.	How can I mak aesthetically plea
	Who will I work with? How long will it take? What order will I work in? What tools and techniques will	What order will I work in? Negotiating, developing and agreeing a plan of action. More thoughts appraising,	How long w make? Wha need? What or
	I use? How will I finish it so that it looks attractive? Discussing, exploring and trialling materials.	reflecting, refining. More actions assembling, testing and modifying.	Reflection and re isn't workin What could I
	More thoughts appraising, reflecting, refining.	reflecting, refining. More actions assembling, testing and modifying.	Will my holder/g fulfill its fu suitable f
	Will the finished toy meet the needs of the user? Evaluating the toy with the intended user and against the design criteria.	Will the night light meet the needs of the user and achieve its purpose? Evaluating the nightlight with the intended user and against design criteria.	
	• Explored simple mechanisms, such as sliders and levers, and simple structures.	• Constructed a simple series electrical circuit in science, using bulbs, switches and	 Have joined fabric in sin
Prior learning	 Learnt how materials can be joined to allow movement. Joined and combined materials using simple tools and techniques. Cut and joined a variety of construction materials, such as wood, card, plast reclaimed materials and glue 		 Have used simple patter Have evaluated a range
Designing	 Generate realistic and appropriate ideas and their own design criteria through discussion, focusing on the needs of the user. Use annotated sketches and prototypes to develop, model and communicate ideas. 	 Gather information about needs and wants and develop design criteria to inform the design of products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups. Generate, develop, model and communicate realistic ideas through discussion and, as appropriate, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams 	 Generate realistic ideas functional product fit for p Produce annotated sket pieces.
Making	 Order the main stages of making. Select from and use appropriate tools with some accuracy to cut and join materials and components such as tubing, syringes and balloons. Select from and use finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. 	 Order the main stages of making. Select from and use tools and equipment to cut, shape, join and finish with some accuracy. Select from and use materials and components, including construction materials and electrical components according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities. 	 Plan the main stages of Select and use a range of joining and finishing. Select fabrics and faster strength, and aesthetic quarteries
Evaluating	 Investigate and analyse books, videos and products with pneumatic mechanisms Evaluate their own products and ideas against criteria and user needs, as they design and make. 	 Investigate and analyse a range of existing battery-powered products. Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and identify the strengths and areas for improvement in their work. 	 Investigate a range of 3- Test their product again Take into account others Understand how a key e chosen product and/or fa
Technical knowledge and understandi ng	 Understand and use pneumatic mechanisms. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Understand and use electrical systems in their products, such as series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs and buzzers. Apply their understanding of computing to program and control their products. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Know how to strengther Understand how to secu Understand the need fo Know and use technical

Summer Term

tiles – 2D shape to 3D product , making and evaluating a holder/ llet for a friend or relative

rocess is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and communicated and clarified through activity. This is how the iterative design and make process might be y an individual pupil during this project:

UGHT

ACTION

for? What will phone, money, cards, pencils.

will the holder wwill it fasten?

ic should I use?

ning techniques the best for the ric and pattern?

nake my holder pleasing for the user? g will it take to /hat tools will I

t order should I do it in? d refining What

king very well? d I improve on? er/purse/wallet s function? Is it le for the user?

Discuss ideas; create a list of likes and dislikes of the user Generate design criteria Investigate a range of templates/patterns and choose the most appropriate one for purpose Create initial design ideas Discuss and explore different fabrics suitable for purpose Possibly test fabrics for strength/waterproofness Discuss and test out different joining techniques on mock ups Evaluate these against the design criteria Test out a range of decorative techniques and decide on the one/s which are appropriate Create the holder following the design Make suitable adjustment during the making process Develop the plan during the

making Test out the product Make an evaluation with the user against the initial design criteria and design ideas

simple ways by gluing and stitching. tterns and templates for marking out. ge of textile products.

Ľ

eas through discussion and design criteria for an appealing, or purpose and specific user/s. ketches, prototypes, final product sketches and pattern

of making.

e of appropriate tools with some accuracy e.g. cutting,

tenings according to their functional characteristics e.g. qualities e.g. pattern.

³-D textile products relevant to the project. ainst the original design criteria and with the intended user. hers' views.

ey event/individual has influenced the development of the fabric.

hen, stiffen and reinforce existing fabrics. ecurely join two pieces of fabric together.

for patterns and seam allowances.

cal vocabulary relevant to the project.

		Year 5		
	Autumn Term	Spring Term		
	Frame Structures	Mechanisms – Cams	Food – Cel	
	Designing and making a small-scale bird hide for children to use in the school wildlife area An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	Designing, making and evaluating a moving toy for children in a particular age range An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	Designing, ma snack for par the school sp An iterative proces they are communic	
		THOUGHT ACTION	of how the iterativ individual pupil dur	
	THOUGHT ACTION What type of structure shall	What type of moving toy shall I make? Discussing ideas, drawing annotated sketches or		
	I make? What will be its purpose? Who will use it? Discussing ideas, drawing annotated sketches. Generating a simple design	What will be its purpose? Who will use it? exploded diagrams Generating a simple design specification	THOUGH Who am I making	
	Which will be the best shape for my bird hide? What features will it have? Which materials will I use to make it? How will I make it strong	What type of movement will it have? Will it be a moving vehicle or be stationary and have moving parts? Which materials will I use to make it? How will I make it fit for	How can I make the What kind of snac What ingredients c How could it Where will the sr	
	and waterproof? What will I use to cover the structure of my shelter? What tools and materials will I need? Discussing, exploring and evaluating prototypes. Discussing, exploring and evaluating different fabric and rigid covering options.	purpose? How will I make the body or housing for the moving parts? Discussing, exploring and evaluating prototypes What tools and materials will L pool2	What technique what equipn	
	What order will I work in? Will I work with someone? What constraints I am working to?	What order will I work in? What constraints am I working to?	What order will lo	
	Do I need to change anything? Discussing, testing and modifying the design.	Do I need to change anything? Discussing, testing and modifying the design	reflecti Has the snack met t	
	Will my product meet the needs of the user? Evaluating the product with the intended user and against the original design specification.	Will my product meet the needs, wants and interests of the user group? Evaluating the product with the intended user group and against the original design specification	user and achiev	
Prior learning	 Experience of using measuring, marking out, cutting, joining, shaping and finishing techniques with construction materials. Basic understanding of what structures are and how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable. 	 Experience of axles, axle holders and wheels that are fixed or free moving. Basic understanding of different types of movement. Experience of cutting and joining techniques with a range of materials including card, plastic and wood. An understanding of how to strengthen and stiffen structures. 	 Have knowledge and unand a varied diet. Be able to use appropriatechniques for measuring 	
Designing	 Carry out research into user needs and existing products, using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web-based resources. Develop a simple design specification to guide the development of their ideas and products, taking account of constraints including time, resources and cost. Generate, develop and model innovative ideas, through discussion, prototypes and annotated sketches. 	 Generate innovative ideas by carrying out research using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web-based resources. Develop a simple design specification to guide their thinking. Develop and communicate ideas through discussion, annotated drawings, exploded drawings and drawings from different views. 	 Generate innovative idea to develop a design brief a Explore a range of initial product linked to user and Use words, annotated sk as appropriate to develop 	
Making	 Formulate a clear plan, including a step-bystep list of what needs to be done and lists of resources to be used. Competently select from and use appropriate tools to accurately measure, mark out, cut, shape and join construction materials to make frameworks. Use finishing and decorative techniques suitable for the product they are designing and making. 	 Produce detailed lists of tools, equipment and materials. Formulate step-by-step plans and, if appropriate, allocate tasks within a team. Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to make products that that are accurately assembled and well finished. Work within the constraints of time, resources and cost. 	 Write a step-by-step reci Select and use appropriate ingre Combine appropriate ingre Make, decorate and press and purpose. 	
Evaluating	 Investigate and evaluate a range of existing frame structures. Critically evaluate their products against their design specification, intended user and purpose, identifying strengths and areas for development, and carrying out appropriate tests. Research key events and individuals relevant to frame structures. 	 Compare the final product to the original design specification. Test products with the intended user, where safe and practical, and critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture, functionality and fitness for purpose. Consider the views of others to improve their work. Investigate famous manufacturing and engineering companies relevant to the project. 	 Carry out sensory evaluations usion Evaluate the final productions usion Evaluate the final production specification, taking into a simprovements. Understand how key check healthy diets. 	
Technical knowledge and understandi ng	 Understand how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce 3D frameworks. Know and use technical vocabulary 	 Understand that mechanical systems have an input, process and an output. Understand how cams can be used to produce different types of movement and change the direction of movement. Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project. 	 Know how to use utensil cook food. Understand about seaso different food products. Know and use relevant t 	

Summer Term elebrating Culture and Seasonality making and evaluating a yeast-based arents and children participating in sports day cess is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how inicated and clarified through activity. This is an example tive design and make process might be experienced by an during this project: GHT ACTION king the snack for? Discussing ideas, researching What is it for? existing products, drawing ke it appealing for annotated sketches, generating the range of users? a simple design specification. nack shall I make? ts could it contain? ld it be innovative? snack be served/ Discussing ideas and how the type eaten? of snack and way it is eaten will affect the design. Listing the ingredients and ques will I use and ipment do I need? equipment required. vill I work in? How long will it take? Planning the order of the activity and timescale. ughts... appraising, ecting and refining. Preparing, cooking and finishing Make changes throughout as et the needs of the appropriate. hieved its purpose? 🔣 Evaluating the snack against the original design specification. understanding about food hygiene, nutrition, healthy eating

priate equipment and utensils, and apply a range of ing out, preparing and combining ingredients.

ideas through research and discussion with peers and adults ief and criteria for a design specification.

tial ideas, and make design decisions to develop a final and purpose.

d sketches and information and communication technology lop and communicate ideas.

recipe, including a list of ingredients, equipment and utensils priate utensils and equipment accurately to measure and ngredients.

present the food product appropriately for the intended user

aluations of a range of relevant products and ingredients. using e.g. tables/graphs/ charts such as star diagrams. oduct with reference back to the design brief and design to account the views of others when identifying

chefs have influenced eating habits to promote varied and

ensils and equipment including heat sources to prepare and

easonality in relation to food products and the source of s.

nt technical and sensory vocabulary.

		Year 6		
	Autumn Term	Spring Term		
	Electrical – Monitoring and Control	Textiles – Combining Different Fabric Shapes	Med	
	Designing, making and evaluating an electronic toy moneybox for a child	Designing, making and evaluating a belt for garden tools	Designing, m for children i	
	An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	An iterative process is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how they are communicated and clarified through activity. This is an example of how the iterative design and make process might be experienced by an individual pupil during this project:	An iterative proce they are commun of how the iterati individual pupil du	
	individual pupil during this project.	THOUGHT ACTION What are the features of a	THOUG	
	THOUGHT ACTION	successful product? Researching, investigating, What features do I need to include disassembling and evaluating	What type of to	
	Who will my moneybox be for?	in a functional, innovative and authentic product? veal life' designers.	What will b	
	How will it motivate the user to save money? How might it be programmed? What components will it need?	What knowledge and skills do I need to be able to design and make a good quality product? Investigating and practising using a range of methods to join fabrics together and making judgments about the strength and	What electrical an componen	
	Which switches or sensors should	How do I make a paper pattern for the product I want to produce? A practising finishing techniques and, if possible, learning to use a sewing	Which materia	
	I use? Discussing ideas, modelling possible electrical circuits Percenting design ideas pictorially	What design decisions do I need to make? Creating a 2-D paper pattern with	How will	
	What tools and components will I	for my product in an effective way? Developing ideas through research, working drawings, computer-aided	How will I make for m	
	What sequence of steps will I use?	Who will be the user of my product and what are their needs, wants	What tools and	
	How will computer control improve my moneybox? Writing and testing programs and connecting to a microcontroller.	and values? What will be the purpose of my product? More thoughts appraising More thoughts appraising	What order What constraints	
	More thoughts appraising, More actions assembling, testing,	More thoughts appraising, reflecting, refining.	Do I need to cha	
	Will the electronic moneybox achieve its purpose? Evaluating the alarm against the original design specification.	Does my product meet the needs and wants of the user? Is it appealing and does it fulfill a purpose? Is it innovative? Testing final products with the intended user and making an evaluation of how successful they are.	Will my pro needs, wants ar th	
	Initial experience of using computer control software and an interface box, a	Experience of basic stitching, joining textiles and finishing techniques.	 Experience of axles, axle 	
Prior	 standalone box or microcontroller, e.g. Crumble. Some experience of writing and modifying a program to make a light turn on or 	Experience of making and using simple pattern pieces.	 Basic understanding of e Experience of cutting an 	
learning	flash on and off.		card, plastic and wood.	
	• Understanding of the essential characteristics of a series circuit and experience of creating a battery-powered, functional, electrical product.		An understanding of hor	
Designing	 Develop a design specification for a functional product that responds automatically to changes in the environment. Generate, develop and communicate ideas through discussion, annotated sketches and pictorial representations of electrical circuits or circuit diagrams. 	 Generate innovative ideas by carrying out research including surveys, interviews and questionnaires. Develop, model and communicate ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mockups and prototypes and, where appropriate, computer-aided design. Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for the intended user that are fit for purpose based on a simple design specification. 	 Generate innovative ide questionnaires and web-b Develop a simple design Develop and communication exploded drawings and draw	
Making	 Formulate a step-by-step plan to guide making, listing tools, equipment, materials and components. Competently select and accurately assemble materials, and securely connect electrical components to produce a reliable, functional product. Create and modify a computer control program to enable their electrical product to respond to changes in the environment. 	 Produce detailed lists of equipment and fabrics relevant to their tasks. Formulate step-by-step plans and, if appropriate, allocate tasks within a team. Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to make products that are accurately assembled and well finished. Work within the constraints of time, resources and cost. 	 Produce detailed lists of plans and, if appropriate, Select from and use a ra are accurately assembled resources and cost. 	
Evaluating	 Continually evaluate and modify the working features of the product to match the initial design specification. Test the system to demonstrate its effectiveness for the intended user and purpose. 	 Investigate and analyse textile products linked to their final product. Compare the final product to the original design specification. Test products with intended user and critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture, functionality and fitness for purpose. Consider the views of others to improve their work. 	 Compare the final produtes Test products with intention manufacture, functionalit Consider the views of ot Investigate famous mantiproject. 	
Technical knowledge and understandi	 Understand and use electrical systems in their products. Understand the use of computer control systems in products. Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products. 	 A 3-D textile product can be made from a combination of accurately made pattern pieces, fabric shapes and different fabrics. Fabrics can be strengthened, stiffened and reinforced where appropriate. 	 Understand that mecha output. Understand how gears a the direction of movemer 	
ng	Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.		Know and use technical	

Summer Term

lechanisms — Pulleys or Gears , making and evaluating a new toy vehicle en in a particular age range

rocess is the relationship between a pupil's ideas and how nunicated and clarified through activity. This is an example rative design and make process might be experienced by an il during this project:

UGHT

ACTION

of toy vehicle shall I make? vill be its purpose? Who will use it?	7	Discussing ideas, drawing annotated sketches or exploded diagrams. Generating a simple design specification.
al and mechanical	K	
onents shall I use?		Discussing, modelling and evaluating different systems
erials will I use to		using mechanical and
make it?		electrical components.
will I make fit for		
purpose?	1	Investigating and trialling possible materials and
ake the body shell or my toy vehicle?	->	components.
5 5		Discussing, exploring and
and materials will		evaluating prototypes.
I need?		
der will I work in?		Negotiating, developing and
iints am I working to?	\rightarrow	agreeing a step-by-step-plan.
change anything?	K	Discussing, testing and
	\rightarrow	modifying the design.
product meet the		
ts and interests of	\rightarrow	Evaluating the product with
the user group?		the intended user group and

the intended user group and against the original design specification.

axle holders and wheels that are fixed or free moving. of electrical circuits, simple switches and components. g and joining techniques with a range of materials including

how to strengthen and stiffen structures.

ideas by carrying out research using surveys, interviews, b-based resources.

sign specification to guide their thinking.

nicate ideas through discussion, annotated drawings, I drawings from different views.

s of tools, equipment and materials. Formulate step-by-step te, allocate tasks within a team.

a range of tools and equipment to make products that that ed and well finished. Work within the constraints of time,

oduct to the original design specification.

tended user and critically evaluate the quality of the design, ality and fitness for purpose.

f others to improve their work.

nanufacturing and engineering companies relevant to the

chanical and electrical systems have an input, process and an

rs and pulleys can be used to speed up, slow down or change nent.

cal vocabulary relevant to the project.

This scheme of work is based around guidance from the Design & Technology Association. It stems from their 'Projects on a Page' documents and has been designed to build upon skills and knowledge developed in previous projects. Where possible the design brief is linked to other subject areas or events to bring the subject to life, making learning purposeful.

