<u>Skill</u>	EYFS	<u>Y1</u>	<u>Y2</u>	<u>Y3</u>	<u>Y4</u>	<u>Y5</u>	<u>Y6</u>
Constructing the past	Identifying that things from the past might be different from today – technology, cars, houses etc.	Identifying that events have happened in the past and significant people from the past have helped shape the present locally – George Stephenson and the development of trains Identifying that there are some themes that link history together – locality, transport etc.	Identifying that significant events and individuals from the past have helped shaped the present locally, nationally and internationally - fantastic firsts Identifying that the past is remembered or 'constructed' in different ways across the world Identifying that the past can be commemorated each year at specific times	Building a coherent knowledge of the Stone, Bronze and Iron ages by comparison throughout most lessons, focusing on: • achievements, • housing, • society, • food, • entertainment, • beliefs Building a coherent knowledge of Church Stretton's prehistory Building a coherent knowledge of the earliest civilisations (in- depth Egyptians), their chronological place in history and their impact on future civilisations • achievements, • housing, • society, • food, • entertainment, • beliefs	Building a coherent knowledge of British history from the Iron Age to Roman Britain by comparison on: • achievements, • housing, • society, • food, • entertainment, • beliefs Building a coherent knowledge of Church Stretton's Roman history.	Building a coherent knowledge of British history from Roman Britain through to Anglo-Saxon and Viking Britain by comparison on: • achievements, • housing, • society, • food, • entertainment, • beliefs Identifying the impact of the Ancient Mayan's' on the western world and their chronological place in the context of world history	Building an understanding of post-1066 Britain through crime and punishment and their impact on today's world by comparison of: Comparing Viking Britain with the Medieval Baghdad civilisation through: • achievements, • housing, • society, • food, • entertainment, • beliefs and understanding the reasoning for similarities/differences between each civilisation Understanding the impact of WW1 in the local community.
Sequencing the past/ Chronology	Identifying that things have happened in the past, relating to themselves and within living memory Begin to identify that some things have happened before they were born – relating to family such as parents and grandparents	Identifying that events and people form the past may have occurred across a greater period of time than just themselves Identifying that events and changes have happened in order – development of trains	Identifying and comparing people/places from different periods of time Identifying how periods of time can impact on individuals and events Demonstrate a basic understanding of why certain events happened at certain times with some reasoning – Fantastic firsts	Placing Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages into wider chronological contexts – make references to Ancient Egypt and pyramids/achievements Developing an understanding of concurrence of civilisations around the world during these times	Placing Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages into wider contexts Placing early civilisations into chronological context – in depth Egyptians Placing Ancient Romans and Roman Britain into the wider context of historical chronology Deeper understanding of concurrent civilisations around the world and their impact on later civilisations	 Placing Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages into wider contexts Placing early civilisations into context – in-depth Mayan's Placing Ancient Romans and Roman Britain into wider context Placing Anglo-Saxon and Viking Britain into the wider context of historical chronology Placing the Mayan's into the wider context of historical chronology Continued development of concurrent civilisations around the world and their impact on later civilisations 	 Placing Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages into wider contexts Placing early civilisations into context – in-depth Egyptians Placing Ancient Romans and Roman Britain into wider context Placing Anglo-Saxon and Viking Britain into the wider context of historical chronology Placing the Ancient Greeks into the wider context of historical chronology Placing Ancient Medieval Baghdad into chronological context and in direct comparison with Anglo-Saxons Continued development of concurrent civilisations around the world and their impact on later civilisations

Continuity and change	Identify that some things within living memory have changed and some things have stayed the same – growing up, changing teachers/classrooms etc.	Identifying that changes have happened in history that can impact on today – George Stephenson and the development of trains; Identifying that there are reasons for continuities and changes and stating some of these Identifying that continuity or change can be a good thing or a bad thing	Identifying that changes throughout history have had important consequences – How seaside holidays have changed. Identifying WHY some things have stayed the same throughout history – people living in towns/cities, explorers trying to find new things etc.	Identifying the continuity and changes throughout the Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages by comparison of: • housing, • society, • food, • entertainment, • beliefs Identifying the similarities and differences between the Ancient Egyptians and Roman Britain through: • housing, • society, • food, • entertainment, • beliefs	Identifying the continuity and change throughout Roman Britain from Iron Age Britain through comparison of: • housing, • society, • food, • entertainment, • beliefs	Identifying the continuity and change throughout Anglo-Saxon and Viking Britain from Roman Britain through comparison of: • housing, • society, • food, • entertainment, • beliefs Identifying the continuities and changes of Mayan's achievements and inventions from then to now through: • democracy • society, • entertainment, • beliefs	Identifying the continuity and change from Pre-war to post war Britian through comparison of: • housing, • society, • education • entertainment
Cause and effect	Identifying that certain choices have a consequence to them – building a castle/wearing armour will make you safer etc.	Identifying that certain events and individuals have had major consequences in history – Roger Mortimer • Charles Darwin. Identifying that history can affect the local area, as well as nationally and globally – development of railways and exporting of ideas to other countries Identifying that there are reasons for continuity and change and begin to use the terms 'cause' and 'effect	Identifying that certain events and individuals have had major consequences in history – Moon landing, First railways voyages expanded our knowledge of the world, some of his maps are still used today etc. Identifying how events from history are so significant that they are remembered each year – Remembrance and Bonfire Night Identifying specific causes and effects from different periods and beginning to establish links between them	Identifying the major causes of advancement from Stone to Bronze to Iron and how these impacted globally, nationally and locally Identifying what caused the shift in hunter-gathering to farming – communicating the reasons for it and the impact on life Identifying the importance of the Nile for the Ancient Egyptians – identifying the links between natural resources and humans (incl. early civilisations)	Identifying the reasons for the invasion of Britain by the Romans and the impact that it had on Britain – identifying the effects on following civilisations and today Identify the achievements of the Roman empire	Identifying the causes and effects of Anglo-Saxon and Viking invasion on Britain – changes in housing, religion, language etc. Identifying the effects and influence of Mayan's achievements on the Western world – democracy, philosophy, medicine, language etc. Identifying that one event can have multiple effects – invasions of Britain by AS and V	Identifying why Medieval Baghdad created so many inventions that are still around today Identifying the effect of WW1 on today's world as either positive or negative Identifying the cause and effect of Medieval Baghdad– positive or negative?
Significance and interpretation	Understanding that some events and people from history are important because they have achieved something or had an effect	Identifying why certain people/events are significant in history – achievements, impact etc. • Roger Mortimer • Charles Darwin Identifying why some individuals are significant both locally and nationally – Begin to understand what makes someone or something significant -	Identifying why certain people/events are significant in the wider context of history – Captain Cook's voyages and their impact on the rest of the world etc. Identifying that certain individuals and events have had an impact locally, nationally and internationally	Identifying why advancements in the Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages were significant to the development of Britain Identifying why our interpretations of these time periods is difficult due to limited primary sources or written evidence	Use Boudicca primary sources to understand that that is one viewpoint and cannot be verified Identify why Boudicca is such a significant individual for both British and Roman British history Identify why interpretation of these sources is critical to our understanding of the past	Using 'could be worse' primary sources to solidify possibilities of bias and understand that there are different interpretations of the same event and write from both viewpoints Identify why interpretations can change in light of new evidence – change in meaning of the word '	Identifying the significance of Crime and Punishment and their impact on today Interpreting the achievements of the Magna Carta as a turning point in British history in the context of then and now – who felt more of their impact, us or them? Interpret the achievements of the Medieval Baghdad compared to the Britain and make a judgement on their significance – which achievements were more impressive?

Carrying out a historical enquiry	Starting to ask simple questions about people or events from within living memory	How has Church Stretton Changed? What was Christmas like in the Vicotrian period Guided enquiry using knowledge from topic	How have seaside holidays changed from the past? Guided enquiry using knowledge from topic Making semi- independent decisions and using evidence provided to justify	What did the ancient Greeeks bring to the world? Small independent enquiry using pre-selected primary and secondary sources Begin to make independent decisions and use evidence to justify	How much did the Romans really impact Britain? Independent enquiry using a range of primary and secondary sources Make independent decisions and using evidence to justify	Was the workhouse a bad place? Independent enquiry on the impact of the workhouse on Church Stretton Independent selection of sources to provide evidence Making independent decisions using a range of evidence to justify	Independently identifying impact of WW1 on the local community – Critical thinking, reasoning, research and debate Independent selection of sources, arguments and evidence to justify opinion Development of vocabulary and historical terms to articulate opinions and engage in reasoned debate
Using sources as evidence	Understanding that items can tell us about someone or something – a piece of uniform, an item of clothing, an object from a certain place or event	Analyse a variety of artefacts/objects to infer about an individual or event Begin to make reasoned interpretations about why certain artefacts/objects belong to certain people or events – clothing, housing etc.	Understanding the difference between primary and secondary sources Make reasoned interpretations about individuals and events by using a small selection of focused sources	Identifying primary and secondary sources – artefacts, books, internet etc. Identifying why sources are limited for the Stone, Bronze and Iron ages	Questioning the validity of sources and contradictions – Boudicca, Tacitus and Cassius Dio Identifying why sources can be useful in a variety of ways – inaccuracies can tell us more about those who produce evidence	Using sources to interpret viewpoints, including bias Identify why viewpoints differ and why bias might skew these viewpoints Identify why the amount of written primary sources varies depending on individual time periods – Romans/Greeks/Anglo Saxons/Vikings	Conducting an enquiry about the greatest impact of the Crime and Punishment on today – using sources as evidence in a debate Identify the effectiveness of sources as evidence Use sources of evidence as the basis for an opinion Begin to make references to evidence as justification

Vocabulary and communication	Simple words to describe the passing of time – e.g. 'past' 'before' 'now' 'then'	Using simple phrases and words to describe the passing of time - e.g. 'past' 'before' 'now' 'then' 'Long ago' 'before I was born' 'changes to now' Using simple words and phrases to describe events and people from the past – e.g. 'rich' 'poor' 'local' 'national' 'important'	Using phrases and words to describe the passing of time - e.g. 'past' 'before' 'now' 'then' 'present' 'period' 'Long ago' 'before I was born' 'changes to now' 'stayed the same' Using words and phrases to describe events and people from the past – e.g. 'rich' 'poor' 'local' 'national' 'important' 'significant' 'primary source' 'impact' 'explorer' 'pioneer'	Using phrases and words to describe the passing of time - e.g. 'past' 'before' 'now' 'then' 'present' 'period' 'decade' 'century' 'Long ago' 'before I was born' 'changes to now' 'stayed the same' Using words and phrases to describe events and people from the past – e.g. 'hunter-gatherer' 'impact' 'significant' 'continuity' 'change' 'warrior' 'prehistoric' 'artefact' 'BC/AD'	Using phrases and words to describe the passing of time - e.g. 'duration' 'period' 'era' 'concurrent' 'during this time' 'previously' 'compared to' Using words and phrases to describe events and people from the past – e.g. 'empire' 'emperor' 'migration' 'conquest' 'cause' 'effect' 'peasant' 'rebellion' 'reliable'	Using phrases and words to describe the passing of time and context of civilisations - e.g. 'duration' 'period' 'era' 'concurrent' 'chronology' 'context' 'the duration of' 'continuing on from' Using words and phrases to describe events and people from the past - e.g. 'farmer-warrior' 'democracy' 'Christianity' 'myth' 'legend' 'global' 'invader' 'interpretation' 'viewpoint' 'bias'	Using phrases and words to describe the passing of time and context of civilisations - e.g. 'duration' 'period' 'era' 'concurrent' 'chronology' 'context' 'the duration of' 'the narrative of history' Using words and phrases to describe events and people from the past – e.g. 'significance' 'discovery' 'invention' 'prosperity' 'causation' 'diversity' 'progression'
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